

# Public perceptions of aquatic invasive species management

Findings from a survey of Minnesota residents

2022

The purpose of this study was to assess Minnesota residents' beliefs about aquatic invasive species (AIS), AIS management, and their engagement in the prevention and control of AIS. We conducted a mail survey of 2000 Minnesota residents from April to June 2021. We received 298 completed surveys for an adjusted response rate of 19%. More than half of the respondents were male (52%). A vast majority report their race/ethnicity as white, not of Hispanic, Latino or Spanish origin (88%). Respondents' age ranged from 22 to 96. Most respondents have at least a college bachelor's degree (60%), and most reported annual household income of less than \$100,000 (51%).



88% of respondents believed that AIS are a *moderate to severe problem* in Minnesota



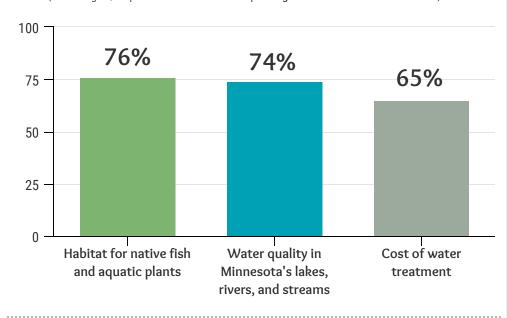
**72%** of respondents believed that AIS are *very to extremely common* in Minnesota



66% of respondents reported that they have *personally observed* AIS in Minnesota's waters

### To what extent did respondents believe AIS threaten ecosystem services?

(Percentage of respondents that believed AIS pose **high to extreme risk** to the resource)

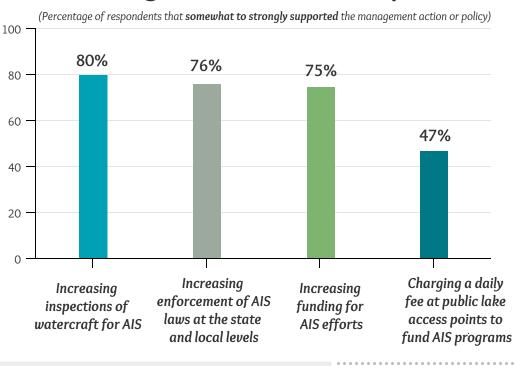


## Respondents reported generally low engagement in AIS control and prevention

- 31% of respondents reported talking to others about AIS in the past 12 months.
- 11% reported donating money to an organization that works to control or prevent the spread of AIS
- Only 5% of respondents have an organization that works to control or prevent the spread of AIS
- Only 4% reported volunteering to improve habitat affected by AIS

The study was conducted by the Center for Changing Landscapes and Water Resources Center, University of Minnesota, in partnership with Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center (MAISRC). Funding for this project was provided by the Minnesota Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund as recommended by MAISRC and the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources (LCCMR). For more information about this survey contact Amit Pradhananga at prad0047@umn.edu.

### To what extent did respondents support AIS management actions and policies?





Only 25% of respondents were very to extremely confident that their personal actions can help reduce the spread of AIS in Minnesota.

57% of respondents somewhat to strongly agreed that they do <u>not</u> personally know enough about how to prevent the spread of AIS



Only 19% of respondents reported that they were very to extremely confident

that the residents in their community can solve the problem of AIS, and only **9%** were very to extremely confident that everyone is working together when it comes to AIS control in their communities.



86% of respondents either disagreed or were unsure that their community has the

financial resources it needs to manage AIS.

### Where did respondents turn for information about AIS?



87% of respondents somewhat to strongly trust MN Department of Natural Resources



86% of respondents somewhat to strongly trust **university researchers/Extension** 



68% of respondents somewhat to strongly trust **environmental organizations** 



Only 41% of respondents trust fishing, boating, or sporting organizations



Only 40% of respondents trust bait shops and sporting goods stores





