

these differences in prey have potential to account for a large amount of the variability in trout yield that is presently known for streams in southeast Minnesota.

CONTEXT FOR OBJECTIVE 2: The breadth of winter diet for trout populations over a gradient of streams with differing thermal regimes is not well known. Newman (1982), however, determined monthly patterns for a single population in Washington County, MN and demonstrated a transition in invertebrate consumption from summer (dominated by mayflies and terrestrial insects washed into streams) to winter (Newman and Waters 1984), including increased consumption of species that we now know include the ultra-cold stenotherm (UCS) species that develop and emerge during winter (Bouchard and Ferrington 2009). If populations of UCS species vary as a function of trout growth and yield, then we can expect to see diets reflect the pattern of increasing UCS insects across an increasing gradient of trout growth and yield. Diets will be analyzed with a fish bioenergetics model (Hanson *et al.* 1997) to determine the extent to which patterns of increasing growth and yield can be quantitatively related to caloric density of UCS prey items.

Objective 3: As explained for Objective 2, we posit that winter dynamics of aquatic insects strongly control patterns of productivity and yield of trout that have been documented in streams of southeastern Minnesota, and propose to focus our efforts toward better understand winter dynamics. **We hypothesize that factors identified in Objective 1 will also be critical in controlling the types and abundances of aquatic insects in the streams.** We will focus on UCS winter-developing species to better understand how in-stream habitat can be structured to increase abundances and growth of UCS species that are shown to be important in trout diets as demonstrated by results of Objective 2.

In addition, ***we hypothesize that modifications of winter dynamics of UCS aquatic insects will be the first evidence of insipient responses to altered thermal regimes resulting from climate change. Consequently, a broader conceptual goal of our efforts is to develop a predictive model to predict thermal stress on trout, and UCS-adapted aquatic insects that form critical elements of the food chain of trout, before stress-related responses result in declining reproduction, growth, or productivity of trout populations in these summer-cold but winter-warm stream habitats.***

CONTEXT FOR OBJECTIVE 3: It appears that UCS species are most diverse and possibly most abundant in trout streams that have highest growth rates and yields of trout (unpublished observations, Bouchard and Ferrington). Several UCS are undescribed species. The focus of this specific objective will be to learn how to quantify patterns of diversity and population abundances of UCS species across streams that represent a gradient of trout growth and yield. The null hypothesis for this topic is that there will be no significant relationship between UCS species abundances and growth and yield of trout. We expect to reject the null hypothesis and that data will support acceptance of the alternative one-tailed hypothesis that there is a positive relationship between abundances of UCS aquatic insect species and growth and yield of trout.

4. Methodology - Describe the methodology to be employed.

Objective 1: Biodiversity of the Driftless Region is tightly coupled to the hydrogeology of the region. The flows of groundwater through shallow aquifers controls water temperatures of springs and streams, water chemistry, hydrology and, ultimately, aquatic biodiversity of the region. Global change will alter these systems in major ways. Most predictions suggest that southern Minnesota will become warmer and wetter over the next 20-50 years. Those changes will influence vegetation, hydrology, water chemistry and thermal regime of the waters. Riparian

structure and other adjacent land-use patterns can act as dampening mechanisms to slow or ameliorate longitudinal changes in thermal regimes of streams with increasing air temperatures. This aim is structured to determine present-day configurations of riparian vegetation, adjacent land use and geological setting that provide the greatest capacity to buffer changes in thermal regime of stream waters during both summer and winter over the largest longitudinal distances of stream, and thus maximize habitats appropriate for foraging and reproduction of trout. Streams not fitting this profile will be considered as “most at-risk” as global climates warm and can be targeted for management.

We will assess riparian vegetation structure, adjacent land use and geologic setting of 36 streams through a stratified random sampling design. We will test the hypothesis that there is a significant relationship of these landscape features and longitudinal dampening of thermal gradients in streams similar to the approach of Perry and Easter (2004). We will use GIS and stream morphometric analyses, combined with hydrologic and geologic modeling, to quantify riparian setting and associated stream-bed evolution to provide a context within which to assess these parameters relative to trout production and yield.

Results of this objective will complement and provide a habitat template for the other specific aims by placing thermal regimes, as well as invertebrate and fish community dynamics, in a context of regional patterns significant to global climate change and regional economic health. The same 36 streams will be studied in all other specific aims.

Objective 2: Trout will be obtained using routine electro-shocking methods during December through March in each of 12 streams/year for the three years of our study. The streams will be the same as investigated for Objectives 1 and 3. Diet will be determined using a gastric-lavage technique, modified for use in winter. We have successfully used our SOP for the technique over the past two winters and are confident that it is an appropriate technique for this objective. After identification and quantification of diet items, the resulting data will be analyzed with a fish bioenergetics model (Hanson *et al.* 1997) to determine the extent to which patterns of increasing UCS aquatic insect species can be quantitatively related to caloric density.

Objective 3: Comprehensive studies at lower latitudes in the Central Plains have shown that more than 50 species of aquatic insects grow and emerge as adults during winter (Ferrington 2000, 2007). At least 25 species are now known to occur in trout streams in SE MN, and most that are UCS species are exclusively constrained to development and emergence during winter (Ferrington, unpublished data). It appears that UCS species are most diverse and possibly most abundant in trout streams that have fastest growth rates and yields of trout. Several of the UCS insects are undescribed species. The focus of this objective will be to quantify the patterns of diversity and population abundances of UCS species across the 36 streams used for Objective 1 & 2, and that represent a gradient of trout growth and yield. We will use routine methods to quantify abundances (PIBS samplers, lab sorting & quantification) combined with lab rearings in cold growth chambers to assist in identification and description of unidentified species. We will also use a method for collecting surface floating pupal exuviae of Chironomidae to profile the emergence periods and phenologies of USC species. This method has been developed by Ferrington *et al.* (1991) and utilized successfully in a variety of pollution assessment projects and basic ecological research by him over the past 29 years.

5. Results and Deliverables

We anticipate that this project will result in at least one publication in a peer-reviewed scientific journal for each of our objective. It is also possible that the research associated with objective 3 will result in the discovery of undescribed species of winter-active aquatic insects. In addition, the project will generate autecological data for several species. The autecological information

will consist the first studies of trophic status, functional feeding group data, growth rates, voltinism, and phenological patterns for some species. Consequently, additional publications will likely be generated.

In addition to publications, we will assemble and maintain comprehensive data bases of original measurements taken for each objective. We will consult with colleagues at various agencies, both at state (MPCA and DNR), regional (EPA Region 5) and national levels (EPA, USDA) to determine a format for data structures and search capabilities that will provide efficient use of our raw data. Our data files will be accessible through the web page interface for the project (see details in **Section 9, Dissemination and Use**).

6. Timetable - Layout the proposed times for completing the proposed research including proposed dates for individual results and deliverables.

Year	Task	Summer	Fall	Winter	Spring
First	Develop web site	XXX			
First	Field work Obj. 1	XXX			
First	Data analysis Obj. 1		XXXXX		
First	Field work Objs. 2 & 3			XXXXX	X
First	Data analysis Objs. 2 & 3			XX	XXXXX
Second	Update web site		XXXXX		XXXXX
Second	Field work Obj. 1	XXX			
Second	Data analysis Obj. 1		XXXXX		
Second	Field work Objs. 2 & 3			XXXXX	X
Second	Data analysis Objs. 2 & 3			XX	XXXXX
Third	Update web site		XXXXX		XXXXX
Third	Field work Obj. 1	XXX			
Third	Data analysis Obj. 1		XXXXX		
Third	Field work Objs. 2 & 3			XXXXX	X
Third	Data analysis Objs. 2 & 3			XX	XXXXX
Third	Write final reports & ms.		XXX	XXXXX	XXXXX

7. Budget - Update the budget sheet from the original proposal based on the amount of funding recommended. Additional details can be added to the budget sheet to more fully describe the budget (The budget sheet is expandable so that additional information can be provided). Additional narrative on the budget can also be provided to more fully explain how the funds will be spent. The "Other Funding" section of the budget sheet should also be updated and include sufficient detail so that the source and amount of contribution is clear.

Budget: 2009 LCCMR Proposal, Ferrington et al.	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Project
PROJECT DURATION: 1 July 2010 - 30 June 2013				Summary
Graduate Students				
2 @ 19,000/year salary	\$38,000	\$39,140	\$40,314	\$117,454
Tuition @ 11290/yr/student	\$22,580	\$23,257	\$23,955	\$69,792
Fringe Benefits (calculated as 14.46% of salary)	\$5,495	\$5,660	\$5,829	\$16,984
3 Undergraduates				
@ \$10.00/hour, 10 hour/week for 25 weeks/year	\$7,500	\$7,725	\$7,957	\$23,182
Domestic Travel				
Per Diem for field work				
@ \$ 75/day/person for 5 persons for 20 days	\$7,500	\$7,725	\$7,957	\$23,182
Vehicle Rental @ \$0.55/mile for 4800 mile/vehicle	\$2,460	\$2,534	\$2,610	\$7,604
Disposable Supplies, Chemicals and lab materials				
By Specific Objectives				
Objective 1	\$4,508	\$4,643	\$4,783	\$13,934
Objective 2	\$4,508	\$4,643	\$4,783	\$13,934
Objective 3	\$4,508	\$4,643	\$4,783	\$13,934
Direct Costs	\$97,059	\$99,970	\$102,971	\$300,000
IDC	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Direct Costs	\$97,059	\$99,970	\$102,971	\$300,000
NOTE: Initial unit costs are shown in this column.				
Costs for years 2-3 are increased				
by 3%/year to cover inflation				
Cumulative costs on yearly basis				
are shown in columns B-D				
Cumulative project costs for each category				
is given in column E				

8. **Credentials** - Provide brief background of the principal investigators and cooperators who will carry out the proposed research and selected publications (targeted/abbreviated resumes are acceptable).

Two-page biographical sketches for Perry, Vondracek and Ferrington are included after the literature cited.

9. **Dissemination and Use** – Describe how the findings of the research will be disseminated and describe the expected audience and potential use.

Web Site Development--- A World Wide Web site for the project will be established and maintained through the on-line resources of the Chironomidae Research Group, Department of Entomology, College of Foods, Agricultural and Natural Resources Sciences at the University of Minnesota. The web site will have a link to data bases that are built through this project for use by ecologists, conservationists, policy makers, and the public. The web site will provide additional and regularly updated information not contained in full in peer-reviewed publications

and will synthesize past, current, and future research in this area. The information will be presented through text, multimedia (e.g. photos, figures, video), and links to relevant websites.

As part of the project web site, a separate page will be produced for the public and educators. It will be less technical and provide information on the emergence of insects from trout streams, field trip possibilities, educational experiments, information for use in lesson plans, and links to additional information and organizations.

Funding for this project comes at a propitious time for Leonard Ferrington in terms of outreach potential. Ferrington previously was awarded a Faculty Fellowship from the Digital Media Center, Office of Information Technology at the University of Minnesota (Twin Cities). The proposal is titled "*From Verification to Modeling: Adding Complexity and Realism to Web-Based Environmental Assessment Tools*" and the full text of the proposal is available on-line. Activities completed or planned during the fellowship include developing assessment tools to judge use and effectiveness of interactive digital media. The techniques learned during the fellowship tenure will be integrated into digital media resulting from this project.

During the first half of the project efforts will be completed to teach citizen volunteer groups in southeastern Minnesota the mechanics of making collections of surface-floating pupal exuviae of Chironomidae, and the benefits and short-comings of using the method as part of their monitoring activities. We also will contact fly-fishing groups, Trout Unlimited and private businesses of colleagues and friends such as Streamside Adventures (www.streamsideadventures.com) to assist in advertising our outreach activities.

Literature Cited and Other Pertinent Readings

Baust, J. G. & J. S. Edwards. 1979. Mechanisms of freezing tolerance in an Antarctic midge, *Belgica antarctica*. *Physiological Entomology* 4:1-5. **(Reading for specific topic 3)**

Bouchard, R. W., Jr. & L. C. Ferrington, Jr. 2009. Winter growth, development, and emergence of *Diamesa mendotae* Muttkowski (Diptera: Chironomidae) in Minnesota (USA) streams. *Environmental Entomology* 38(1): 250-259. **(Reading for specific topic 3)**

Bouchard, R. W. Jr., M. A. Carrillo, & L. C. Ferrington Jr. 2006. Lower Lethal Temperature for Adult Male *Diamesa mendotae* Muttkowski (Diptera: Chironomidae), a Winter-Emerging Diamesinae. *Aquatic Insects*. 28:57-66. **(Reading for specific topic 3)**

Bouchard, R. W. Jr., M. A. Carrillo, S. A. Kells & L. C. Ferrington Jr. 2006. Freeze tolerance in larvae of the winter-active *Diamesa mendotae* Muttkowski (Diptera: Chironomidae): a contrast to adult strategy for survival at low temperatures. *Hydrobiologia* 568:403-416. **(Reading for specific topic 3)**

Carrillo, M. A., C. A. Cannon, & L. C. Ferrington Jr. 2004. Effect of sex and age on the supercooling point of the winter-active *Diamesa mendotae* Muttkowski (Diptera:Chironomidae). *Aquatic Insects* 26:243-251. **(Reading for specific topic 3)**

Clark, M. E., K. A. Rose, D. A. Levine, & W. W. Hargrove. 2001. Predicting climate change effects on Appalachian trout: combining GIS and individual-based modeling. *Ecological Implications* 11: 161-178.

Dieterman, D. J., W. C. Thorn, & C. S. Anderson. 2004. Application of a bioenergetic model for brown trout to evaluate growth in southeast Minnesota streams. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources Investigational Report 513, 26 pp.

- Dieterman, D. J., W. C. Thorn, C. S. Anderson, & J. L. Weiss. 2006. Summer habitat associations of large brown trout in southeast Minnesota streams. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources Investigational Report 539, 25 pp.
- Eaton, J. G. & R. M. Scheller. 1996. Effects of climate warming on fish thermal habitat in the United States. *Limnology and Oceanography* 41: 1109-1115.
- Ferrington, L. C. Jr. 2007. Hibernial emergence patterns of Chironomidae in lotic habitats of Kansas versus substrate composition. pp. 1-7, In: *Contributions to the Systematics and Ecology of Aquatic Diptera--- A Tribute to Ole A. Sæther*. T. Andersen (ed.). Misc Publications of the Ohio Biological Survey. **(Reading for specific topic 3)**
- Ferrington, L. C. Jr. 2000. Hibernial emergence patterns of Chironomidae in lotic habitats of Kansas versus ambient air and water temperatures. pp. 375-382, In: *Late 20th Century Research on Chironomidae*. O. Hoffrichter (ed.). Shaker Verlag, Aachen, Germany. **(Reading for specific topic 3)**
- Ferrington, L. C., Jr., *et al.* 1991. A Protocol for Using Surface-Floating Pupal Exuviae of Chironomidae for Rapid Bioassessment of Changing Water Quality. Pp.181-190. In: *Sediment and Stream Water Quality in a Changing Environment: Trends and Explanations*. IAHS Publication Number 203. 374 pp. **(Reading for specific topic 3)**
- Dovciak, A. & J. A. Perry. 2002. In search of effective scales for stream management: Does agroecoregion, watershed, or their intersection best explain the variance in stream macroinvertebrate communities? *Environmental Management* 30(3):365-377 **(Reading for specific topic 1)**
- Gartner, W. C., L. L. Love, D. Erkkila, & D. C. Fulton. 2002. Economic impact and social benefits study of coldwater angling in Minnesota. Final report to Minnesota Department of Natural Resources 130 pp.
- Hanson, P. C., T. B. Johnson, D. E. Schindler, & J. F. Kitchell. 1997. Fish Bioenergetics 3.0. University of Wisconsin Center for Limnology and University of Wisconsin Sea Grant Institute, Madison, WI. Used for bioenergetics modeling. **(Reading for specific topic 2)**
- Henson, F. G. & R. M. Newman. 2000. Effect of temperature on growth at ration and gastric evacuation rate of ruffe (*Gymnocephalus cernuus*). *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 129(2): 552-560. **(Reading for specific topic 2)**
- Johnson, H. L. & H. G. Stefan. 2006. Indicators of climate warming in Minnesota: lake ice covers and snow melt runoff. *Climate Change* 75: 421-453
- Meisner, J. D. 1990. Effect of climate warming on the southern margins of the native range of brook trout, *Salvelinus fontinalis*. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Science* 47: 1065-1070.
- Mohseni, O., T. R. Erickson, & H. G. Stefan. 2002. Upper bounds of stream temperatures in the contiguous United States *Journal of Environmental Engineering* 128: 4-11.
- Nerbonne, B. A. & B. Vondracek. 2001. Effects of land use on benthic macroinvertebrates and fish in the Whitewater River, Minnesota. *Environmental Management* 28:87-99. **(Reading for specific topics 2 & 3)**

Newman, R. M. 1982. Size-selective predation on *Gammarus pseudolimnaeus* by stream trout and sculpins in Valley Creek, Minnesota. M.S. Thesis, University of Minnesota, St. Paul, MN. 85 pp. **(Reading for specific topic 2)**

Newman, R. M. & T. F. Waters. 1984. Size-selective predation on *Gammarus pseudolimnaeus* by trout and sculpins. *Ecology* 65: 1535-1545. **(Reading for specific topic 2)**

NRDC Report. 2002. Effects of global warming on trout and salmon in U. S. streams. May, 2002. 44 pages. Available on-line at: <http://www.defenders.org/publications/fishreport.pdf>

Perry, J. A. & K. W. Easter. 2004. Resolving the scale incompatibility dilemma in river basin management. *Water Resources Research* 40 (8): <http://www.agu.org/pubs/current/wr/index.php?month=July> **(Reading for specific topic 1)**

Sovell, L. A., B. Vondracek, J. A. Frost, & K. G. Mumford. 2000. Impacts of rotational grazing and riparian buffers on physicochemical and biological characteristics of southeastern Minnesota streams. *Environmental Management* 26:629-641. **(Reading for specific topics 1 & 2)**

Troelstrup, N. H., Jr. & J. A. Perry. 1989. Water quality in southeastern Minnesota streams: observations along a gradient of land use and geology. *Journal of the Minnesota Academy of Science* 5:6-13. **(Reading for specific topic 1)**

Jim Perry
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

PRESENT POSITION:

Department of Fisheries, Wildlife & Conservation Biology, University of Minnesota
HT Morse Distinguished University Professor, 1999-Present

PREVIOUS POSITIONS:

Professor, University of Minnesota, 1982-Present
Head, Department of Fisheries, Wildlife, and Conservation Biology, 2000-2006
Director of Graduate Studies, Water Resources Science, 1999-2001 and 1988-1992
Director, Center for Natural Resource Policy and Management, 1985-2002

EDUCATION:

Idaho State University	Ph. D.	1981	Biology
Western State	Master's	1973	Biology
Colorado State	B. Sc.	1968	Fisheries

CURRENT/RECENT RESEARCH SUPPORT:

Stream classification for TMDL assessment using a dimensionless, reference reach approach.
Co-PI US EPA \$800,080 2003-2006
Quantifying the variability of stream health indicators for TMDL development. Co-PI Minnesota
PCA \$124,016, 2003-2005
Classification of aquatic habitats in the St. Croix National Scenic River. PI National Park Service
\$50,000 2003-2005
Development of a Water Resources Plan for Voyageur's National Park, US National Park
Service. \$65,000 PI, 1999-2003

SELECTED PEER-REVIEWED PUBLICATIONS:

Savanick, S, L Baker and J Perry. 2006. Case Study for Evaluating Campus Sustainability:
Nitrogen Balance for the University of Minnesota Urban Ecosystems Published on-line
first; available at <http://www.springerlink.com/content/1573-1642>

Savanick, S and J Perry. 2006. Using the campus nitrogen budget to teach about the nitrogen
cycle Journal of Geoscience Education 54: 312-319

Dahl, K, J Perry and MD Williams (in press). The effects of Domoic Acid on the gonadotropin
releasing hormone (GT1-7) neuronal cell line. Bios IN PRESS

Savanick S and J Perry. 2006. Using the campus nitrogen budget to teach about the nitrogen
cycle. Journal of Geoscience Education Vol 54
<http://www.nagt.org/nagt/jge/abstracts/may06.html#v54p312>

Perry, JA and KW Easter. 2004. Resolving the scale incompatibility dilemma in river basin
Management Water Resources Research 40 (8):
<http://www.agu.org/pubs/current/wr/index.php?month=July>

Talmage, P, JA Perry and R Goldstein. 2002. Relation of Instream Habitat and Physical Conditions to Fish Communities of Agricultural Streams in the Northern Midwest journal of fish management 22: 825-833

Dovciak, A and JA Perry. 2002. In search of effective scales for stream management: Does agroecoregion, watershed, or their intersection best explain the variance in stream macroinvertebrate communities? Environmental Management 30(3): 365-377

AWARDS:

Gordon L Starr Award for Excellence in Student Service, 2004

CISW Award for the Interdisciplinary Teaching of Writing, 2003

University of Minnesota Award for Outstanding Service, 2002

Elected Fellow, American Institute of Fishery Research Biologists, 2002

Morse Alumni Award for Distinguished Service to Undergraduate Education, 1999

Appointment to Academy of Distinguished Teachers, University of Minnesota, 1997

Richard C Newman Art of Teaching Award, College of Natural Resources,
University of Minnesota, 1997

Visiting Scholar, Green College, and Oxford Forestry Institute,
University of Oxford, 1991

Senior Fellow, National Academy of Sciences, Warsaw and Lodz, Poland, 1991

Senior Research Fellow, American Institute of Indian Studies,
New Delhi and Madras, 1985

BRUCE VONDRACEK

Curriculum Vitae

CURRENT PROFESSIONAL POSITION

Assistant Unit Leader-Fisheries, Minnesota Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Unit and
Adjunct Professor, Department of Fisheries and Wildlife, and Conservation Biology, University of Minnesota, Saint
Paul, MN 55108

PAST PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS

University of Minnesota

Adjunct Associate Professor, Department of Fisheries and Wildlife, and Conservation Biology (1994-2001)

Adjunct Assistant Professor, Department of Fisheries and Wildlife and Conservation Biology Program (1991-1994)

The Ohio State University

Assistant Unit Leader-Fisheries, Ohio Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Unit (1988-1991)

Assistant Professor, Department of Zoology (1988-1991)

Adjunct Assistant Professor, School of Natural Resources (1989-1991)

University of California, Davis

Postgraduate Researcher, Wildlife and Fisheries Biology (1981-1987)

EDUCATION

Ph.D. Ecology, University of California, Davis (1981)

RECENT RESEARCH SUPPORT (since 2005)

Eighteen grants, research contracts or awards (PI or Co-PI) last five years, total **\$3,478,769.00**:

- 2008 Scaleable Indices of Watershed Health. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. \$110,000
- 2007 Development of an ecological assessment method for Minnesota lakes. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. \$78,000
- Empowering water quality decisions: reducing uncertainty and bounding variability of stream ecosystem indicators. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. \$278,069
- Predicting large wood transport and effects on stream geomorphology in northern Minnesota streams. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. \$64,000
- Evaluating riparian timber harvesting guidelines: phase 3. Legislative Citizens Committee on Minnesota Resources. \$400,000
- Understanding the importance of weak-tie networks in complex human-environment systems: ecosocial feedback in multifunctional agriculture. National Science Foundation. \$925,000
- 2006 Ecological exchangeability of sculpins in southeast Minnesota, Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, \$16,000
- Minnesota Riparian Management Study: comparison of effects on stream habitat and fish nine years after harvest treatments. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources \$18,000, US Forest Service \$10,450, and National Council for Air and Stream Improvement \$20,000
- Integrated Water Resource Management: Bridging knowledge gaps to achieve common TMDL goals. Water Resources Center, University of Minnesota. \$10,000
- 2005 Evaluating Riparian Timber Harvesting Guidelines: Phase II. Legislative Committee on Minnesota Resources. \$333,000
- Mortality of Walleye Caught in Live-Release Tournaments: Assessment, Reduction, and Determination of Acceptable Levels. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. \$259,144
- Evaluating Riparian Timber Harvesting Guidelines: 2005 Bridge Funding. Minnesota Forest Resource Council \$11,000
- Effects of riparian forest harvest on instream habitat and fish and invertebrate communities. Funding: Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. \$37,500

PUBLICATIONS (Sixty publications since 1980. Publications since 2006 listed next.)

Asmus, B., J. Magner, B. Vondracek, and J. Perry. Physical integrity: the missing link in biological monitoring and TMDLs. (Accepted by Environmental Monitoring and Assessment).

Magner, J. A., B. Vondracek, and K. N. Brooks. 2008. Channel stability, habitat and water quality in South-eastern Minnesota (USA) streams: assessing managed grazing practices. *Environmental Management* 42:377–390.

Frost Nerbonne, J. A., B. Ward, A. Ollila, M. Williams, and B. Vondracek. 2008. Volunteer sampling bias using multihabitat sampling for macroinvertebrates. *Journal North American Benthological Society* 27(3):640–646.

- Blann, K. L., J. Anderson, G. Sands, and B. Vondracek. Effects of agricultural subsurface drainage on aquatic ecosystems: a review. (Accepted by Critical Reviews in Environmental Science and Technology, scheduled for publication late 2009).
- Zimmerman, J. K. H. and B. Vondracek. 2007. Interactions between sculpin and trout: slimy sculpin growth and diet in relation to native and nonnative trout. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 136:1791-1800.
- Zimmerman, J. K. H. and B. Vondracek. 2007. Brown trout and food web interactions in a Minnesota stream. *Freshwater Biology* 52:123-136.
- Petersen, A. and B. Vondracek. 2006. Vegetative buffer strips around sinkholes to improve water quality. *Journal of Soil and Water Conservation* 61:380-390.
- Zimmerman, J. K. H. and B. Vondracek. 2006. Interactions between slimy sculpin and a native versus a nonnative trout: consequences for growth. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* 63:1526-1535.
- Zimmerman, J. K. H. and B. Vondracek. 2006. Stream enclosure effects on drifting invertebrates and fish growth: do enclosure experiments produce biased results? *Journal of the North American Benthological Society* 25:453-464.

PAPERS PRESENTED: One Hundred Sixty-Three papers presented since 1977. **Twenty-Four** were invited presentations at various Universities or scientific societies.

GRADUATE STUDENT ADVISING (Current Students)

Bethany Blick (WRS)	Veronica Bullock (CB)	Joel Chirhart (WRS)	Christine Dolph (WRS)
David Huff (CB)	Matt Kocian (CB)	Kara Raymond (WRS)	Kathrine Ruddick (CB)

SERVICE AND OTHER ACTIVITIES

- Affirmative Action Committee, member, Equal Opportunities Section, American Fisheries Society, 1989-1991
- Associate editor, *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society*, 1991-1993
- Awards Committee, chair, Minnesota Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 1994-1996
- Awards Committee, member, North Central Division of the American Fisheries Society, 1995
- Executive Committee, member, Minnesota Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 1995
- Fish and Wildlife Legislative Alliance, board member, representing the Minnesota Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 1998-2004
- J. Francis Allen Scholarship Committee, Equal Opportunity Section, American Fisheries Society chair: 1994 co-chair 2001, member 1990-1993 and 1995-1996
- John E. Skinner Memorial Student Travel Award, member, American Fisheries Society, 1992
- Mentoring for Professional Diversity in Fisheries Committee, member, Equal Opportunities Section, American Fisheries Society, 1994-1997
- Minnesota Chapter of the Society for Conservation Biology, Vice President, 2006-present
- North American Benthological Society, Member, Science and Policy Committee, 2007-present
- North Central Division Representative to the Education Section of the American Fisheries Society, 1997-1998
- Paper/Poster Judging Committee, chair, North Central Division of the American Fisheries Society, for Midwest Fish and Wildlife Conference, 1996
- President elect, Minnesota Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 1997
- Plenary committee, co-chair, 62nd Annual meeting of the Midwest Fish and Wildlife Conference, 2000
- President, Minnesota Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 1998
- Past President, Minnesota Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 1999
- Program Committee, Co-Chair, 50th Midwest Fish and Wildlife Conference, 1988
- Program Committee, chair, 2004 annual meeting of the American Fisheries Society, 2002-2004
- Program Committee, chair, 2004 annual meeting of the Minnesota Chapter of the Society for Conservation Biology held jointly with the Minnesota Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 2003-2004
- Resolutions Committee, Chair, Ohio Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 1988-1990
- Scholarship Committee, chair, Minnesota Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, 2001-present
- Special Committee to Improve Support for the Program Chair, member, appointed by the president of the American Fisheries Society 2002
- Vice President, Minnesota Chapter for Conservation Biology 2006-2007

LEONARD CHARLES FERRINGTON, JR.

Biographical Sketch

CURRENT PROFESSIONAL POSITION

Professor, Department of Entomology, University of Minnesota, Saint Paul, MN 55108
Co-Coordinator, Environmental Science, Policy & Management Degree Programs

PAST PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS

Associate Professor, Department of Entomology, University of Minnesota, Saint Paul, MN 55108 (2000-2003)
Director, Biological Water Quality and Freshwater Ecology Program, Kansas Biological Survey, University of Kansas, Lawrence, KS 66047 (1986-2000)
Associate Professor, Department of Entomology, University of Kansas, Lawrence, KS 66045 (1991-2000)
Head, Entomology Section, Kansas Applied Mesocosm Program, University of Kansas, Lawrence, KS (1989-2000)
Associate Scientist, Kansas Biological Survey, University of Kansas, Lawrence, KS 66047 (1986-2000)
Assistant Scientist, Kansas Biological Survey, University of Kansas, Lawrence, KS 66047 (1980-1986)

EDUCATION

Ph.D., University of Pittsburgh, 1980

RECENT RESEARCH SUPPORT

Sixty-five grants, research contracts, fellowships or awards since 1978, totaling \$ **3,329,670.00**. Grants/fellowships received since 1997 below:

- 2005 Grant from University of Minnesota, Technology Enhanced Learning Program (TEL) to develop "Volunteer Stream Monitoring Interactive Verification Programs" \$ 9000.
- 2005 Grant from the Minnesota Metropolitan Council to Study Aquatic Invertebrates in Metro Area Streams. December 2005-December 2006. \$ 14,728.
- 2005 Grant from U. S. Geological Survey and Water Resources Center (UM) to Refine a Rapid Bioassessment Technique for Integrating Biological Data into TMDL Assessments in Urban Streams. March 2005-February 2006. \$ 18,799.
- 2006 University of Minnesota TEL Grants, Faculty Fellowship Program for project titled "From Verification to Modeling: Adding Complexity and Realism to Web-Based Environmental Assessment Tools." \$20,000 March 2006- June 2007
- 2007 Grant from National Park Service, US Department of the Interior for Evaluating the Habitat and Water Quality of the Saint Croix NSR using a Chironomidae Community Survey. \$16,000 2007-2008
- 2007 Contract from Washington County Conservation District for development of Brown's Creek Impaired Biota TMDL – Phase II: Stressor Identification. \$ 63, 627 December 2007- December 2008

PUBLICATIONS (Sixty-four publications since 1980. Publications since 2006 listed next.)

Bouchard, R.W. Jr., M.A. Carrillo, & L.C. Ferrington Jr. 2006 Lower Lethal Temperature for Adult Male *Diamesa mendotae* Muttkowski (Diptera: Chironomidae), a Winter-Emerging Diamesinae. *Aquatic Insects* 28(1): 57-66.

Bouchard, R.W. Jr., M.A. Carrillo, S.A. Kells & L.C. Ferrington Jr. 2006 Freeze tolerance in larvae of the winter-active *Diamesa mendotae* Muttkowski (Diptera: Chironomidae): a contrast to adult strategy for survival at low temperatures. *Hydrobiologia*.

Hayford, B. L. & L. C. Ferrington Jr. 2006. Distribution of Chironomidae in Hovsgol Nuur, Mongolia. Chapter 26, pp. 433-452. IN: C. E. Goulsten, T. Sitnikova, J. Gelhaus & B. Boldgiv (eds.). *The Geology, Biodiversity, and Ecology of Lake Hövsgöl (Mongolia)*. Backhuys Publishers.

Ferrington, L. C., Jr., & O. A. Sæther. 2006. *Rhagosmittia* and *Trondia*, two new genera of Orthoclaadiinae from Oceania and Australia (Diptera: Chironomidae) *Aquatic Insects* 28(4): 243-250.

Ferrington, L. C. Jr. 2007. Hibernial emergence patterns of Chironomidae in lotic habitats of Kansas versus substrate composition. Pp. 99-105, IN: T. Andersen (ed.), *Contributions to the Systematics and Ecology of Aquatic Diptera—A Tribute to Ole A. Sæther*. The Caddis Press, Columbus, Ohio.

Attachment A: Budget Detail for 2010 Projects - Summary and a Budget page for each partner (if applicable)											
Project Title: <i>Predicting and Mitigating Vulnerability of Trout Streams</i>											
Project Manager Name: <i>Leonard C. Ferrington Jr.</i>											
Trust Fund Appropriation: \$ 300,000											
1) See list of non-eligible expenses, do not include any of these items in your budget sheet											
2) Remove any budget item lines not applicable											
2010 Trust Fund Budget	Result 1 Budget:	Amount Spent (date)	Balance (date)	Result 2 Budget:	Amount Spent (date)	Balance (date)	Result 3 Budget:	Amount Spent (date)	Balance (date)	TOTAL BUDGET	TOTAL BALANCE
	<i>Quantifying Physical, Geological and Riparian Settings of Trout Streams in Relation to Thermal Regimes</i>			<i>Quantifying and Modeling Winter Diets of Trout</i>			<i>Determination and Quantification of Dynamics of UCS Aquatic Insect Species that Grow and are Active in Winter</i>				
BUDGET ITEM											
PERSONNEL:	74,474	0	74,474	71,240	0	71,240	81,698	0	81,698	227,412	227,412
PERSONNEL: wages (\$117,454 - for two Graduate Students @ 50% FTE for 3 years)											
PERSONNEL: benefits (\$69,793 - academic tuition for 2 graduate students for 3 years)											
PERSONNEL: Fringe benefits (\$16,983)											
PERSONNEL: wages for 3 Undergraduates (\$23,182 - 3@ \$10.00/hour for 10 hour/week for 25 weeks/year)											
Supplies: Disposable field and lab supplies (Including preservatives, sample jars, storage containers, nets sieves, slides, coverslips, mounting medium, forceps, probes, dissecting scalpel, petri dishes, labels, markers, pencils, pens, field & lab notebooks, chestwaders, field gloves, purchase remote sensing and LU/LC data)	13,933	0	13,933	13,934	0	13,934	13,934	0	13,934	41,801	41,801
Travel expenses in Minnesota (Includes meals, lodging, four-wheel drive vehicle rental, and mileage)	6,678	0	6,678	11,313	0	11,313	12,796	0	12,796	30,787	30,787
COLUMN TOTAL	\$95,085	\$0	\$95,085	\$96,487	\$0	\$96,487	\$108,428	\$0	\$108,428	\$300,000	\$300,000